

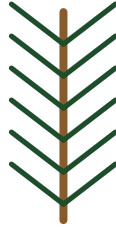
Year 1 Science: Trees that stay green: answers

Year 1 - Plants Around Us - Lesson 2.5

Answers. Final answers to the worksheet questions. Full step-by-step solutions for every question are free at websink.site/ks1/science/year-1/ch02-plants-around-us/trees-that-stay-green/

Exercise 2E Naming evergreen trees and needles

1 Which tree is this?



Answer: pine

2 Which tree is this?



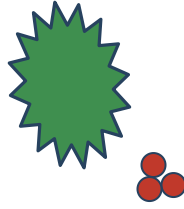
Answer: fir

3 Which tree is this?



Answer: yew

4 Which tree is this?



Answer: holly

5 Which tree keeps its leaves all year: *oak or holly*?

Answer: holly

6 Write Yes or No for each question.

(a) Does a pine keep its needles in winter?

Answer: Yes

(b) Does an oak lose its leaves in autumn?

Answer: Yes

(c) Are holly berries safe to eat?

Answer: No

(d) Are holly leaves needles?

Answer: No

7 Ravi's tree has flat, dark green needles and red berries. Which tree is it: *yew, fir or pine*?

Answer: yew

8 Sam says all trees with needles lose them in autumn. Is Sam right? Name a tree that proves your answer.

Answer: No. A pine tree keeps its needles all year.

9 Explain how you can tell an evergreen tree from a deciduous tree in winter.

Answer: An evergreen is still green. A deciduous tree has no leaves in winter.

10 Why must we never eat yew or holly berries?

Answer: They are poisonous, so they could make us very ill.